

## Synuclein-α (phospho Ser129) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody



产品货号	产品名称	储存条件	保质期
IM51029	Synuclein-¤ (phospho Ser129)Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody	−20°C	1年

## 产品详情:

货号	IM51029
别名	SNCA; NACP; PARK1; Alpha-synuclein; Non-A beta component of AD amylo
	id;Non-A4 component of amyloid precursor;NACP
产品名称	Synuclein-α (phospho Ser129)Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
类别	抗体产品
基因名称	SNCA
蛋白名称	Alpha-synuclein
推荐应用	WB, IHC-P, IF-F, IF-ICC, ELISA
反应种属	Human, Mouse, Rat
浓度	lmg/ml
存储缓冲液	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New typ
仔储装件被	e preservative N
Human Gene ID	6622
Human Swissprot	P37840
No	
Mouse Gene ID	20617



Mouse Swissprot No	055042
Rat Gene ID	29219
Rat Swissprot No	P37377
免疫原	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived f rom human Synuclein around the phosphorylation site of Ser129. AA range:91-140
特异性	Phospho-Synuclein- $\alpha$ (S129)Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Synuclein- $\alpha$ protein only when phosphorylated at S129.
稀释度	WB 1:500-1:2000, IHC-P 1:100-1:300, ELISA 1:5000, IF-P/IF-F/IF-ICC 1:50-200
参考分子量	15kDa
运输及保存条件	-20°C/1year
宿主	Rabbit
同种型	Rabbit, IgG
背景介绍	Alpha-synuclein is a member of the synuclein family, which also i noludes beta-and gamma synuclein. Synucleins are abundantly expressed in the brain and alpha- and beta-synuclein inhibit phosphol ipase D2 selectively. SNCA may serve to integrate presynaptic signaling and membrane trafficking. Defects in SNCA have been implicated in the pathogenesis of Parkinson disease. SNCA peptides area major component of amyloid plaques in the brains of patients with Alzheimer's disease. Alternatively spliced transcripts encoding different isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2016]



组织表达	Highly expressed in presynaptic terminals in the central nervous		
	system. Expressed principally in brain.		
细胞定位	Cytoplasm. Membrane. Nucleus. Cell junction, synapse. Secreted. Cell p		
	rojection, axon. Membrane-bound in dopaminergic neurons (PubMed:152		
	82274). Expressed and colocalized with SEPTIN4 in dopaminergicaxo		
	n terminals, especially at the varicosities (By similarity).		
信号通路	Alzheimer's disease; Parkinson's disease		
	alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist, disease:B		
	rain iron accumulation type 1 (NBIA1, also called Hallervorden-S		
	patz syndrome), a rare neuroaxonal dystrophy, is histologicallycha		
	racterized by axonal spheroids, iron deposition, Lewy body (LB)-1		
	ike intraneuronal inclusions, glial inclusions and neurofibrillar		
	y tangles. SNCA is found in LB-like inclusions, glial inclusions a		
	nd spheroids., disease:Defects in SNCA are a cause of autosomal d		
	ominant Parkinson disease 1(PARK1)[MIM:168601,168600]. Parkinson		
	disease(PD) is a complex, multifactorial disorder that typically m		
	anifests after the age of 50 years, although early-onset cases (be		
功能	fore 50 years) are known. PD generally arises as a sporadic condit		
	ion but is occasionally inherited as a simple mendelian trait.Al		
	though sporadic and familial PD are very similar, inherited forms		
	of the disease usually begin at earlier ages and are associated		
	with atypical clinical features.PD is characterized by bradykin		
	esia, resting tremor, muscular rigidity and postural instability,		
	as well as by a clinically significant responseto treatment with		
	levodopa. The pathology involves the loss of dopaminergic neuron		
	s in the substantia nigra and the presence of Lewy bodies (intran		
	euronal accumulations of aggregated protein, s), in surviving neur		



功能

ons in various areas of the brain., disease:Defects in SNCA are t he cause of Lewy body dementia (DLB) [MIM:127750]. DLB is a neurod egenerative disorder clinically characterized by dementia and pa rkinsonism, often with fluctuating cognitive function, visual hall ucinations, falls, syncopal episodes, and sensitivity to neurolepti c medication. Presence of Lewy bodies are the only essential path ologic features., disease: Defects in SNCA are the cause of Parkin son disease 4(PARK4) [MIM:605543, 168600]., disease:Deposition of f ibrillar amyloid proteins intraneuronally as neurofibrillary tan gles is characteristic of Alzheimer disease (AD). SNCA is a minor protein found within these deposits, but a major non amyloid com ponent., domain: The NAC domain is involved in the fibril formatio n. The middle region forms the core of the filaments. The C-termin us may regulate aggregation anddetermine the diameter of the fil aments., function: May be involved in the regulation of dopamine r elease and transport. Solubleprotein, normally localized primaril y at the presynaptic regionof axons, which can form filamentous a ggregates that are the major non amyloid component of intracellu lar inclusions in several neurodegenerative diseases (synucleino pathies). Induces fibrillization of microtubule-associated protei n tau. Reduces neuronal responsiveness to various apoptotic stimu li, leading to a decreased caspase-3 activation., PTM: Hallmark les ions of neurodegenerative synucleinopathies contain alpha-synucl ein that is modified by nitration of tyrosine residues and possi blyby dityrosine cross-linking to generated stable oligomers., PT M:Phosphorylated, predominantly on serine residues. Phosphorylat ion by CK1 appears to occur on residues distinct from the residue phosphorylated by other kinases. Phosphorylation of Ser-129 is



功能	selective and extensive in synucleinopathy lesions. In vitro, phosp
	horylation at Ser-129 promoted insoluble fibril formation. Phosp
	horylated on Tyr-125 by a PTK2B-dependent pathway upon osmotic s
	tress., PTM: Ubiquitinated. The predominant conjugate is the diubi
	quitinated form., similarity: Belongs to the synuclein family., sub
	cellular location:Membrane bound in dopaminergic neurons.Also fo
	und in thenucleus., subunit:Soluble monomer which can form filame
	ntous aggregates. Interacts with UCHL1 (By similarity). Interacts
	with phospholipase D and histones., tissue specificity:Expressed
	principally in brain but is also expressed in low concentration
	s in all tissues examined except in liver. Concentrated in presyn
	apticnerve terminals.
	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affi
<b>纯化</b>	nity-chromatography using epitopespecific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Officiality	Torycronar

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